

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· **1.1 Product identifier**

· **Product name:** COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

· **Catalog number:** 424994, 2423120, 2423120-A

· **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

· **Application of the substance / the preparation:** Reagent for water analysis

· **1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

· **Supplier:**

Tintometer GmbH
Schleefstraße 8-12
44287 Dortmund
Made in Germany
www.lovibond.com

phone: +49 (0)231 94510-0
e-mail: sales@lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited
Lovibond® House
Sun Rise Way
Amesbury
Wiltshire SP4 7GR
United Kingdom

phone : +44 1980 664800
e-mail: SDS@lovibond.uk

· **Informing department:**

e-mail: sds@lovibond.com
Product Safety Department

· **1.4 Emergency telephone number:**

+44 1235 239670
Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· **2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

· **Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**



GHS06 skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 3 H311 Toxic in contact with skin.



GHS08 health hazard

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS05 corrosion

Met. Corr. 1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.
Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS09 environment

(Contd. on page 2)

GB

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 1)

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements**Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms

GHS05



GHS06



GHS08



GHS09

Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

sulphuric acid 86 %

mercury sulphate

Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P310 IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3 Other hazards

Contact with skin and inhalation of aerosols/ vapours of the preparation should be avoided.

Acid burns have to be treated immediately, as it may otherwise cause badly curing wounds.

CAS 7783-35-9: Danger by skin resorption.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Description: sulfuric acid solution

Dangerous components:

The percent content of the chromium compound mentioned below refers to the amount of chromate ions dissolved in water.

The percent content of the mercury compound mentioned below refers to the amount of the pure mercury therein.

CAS: 7664-93-9 EINECS: 231-639-5 Index No: 016-020-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119458838-20-XXXX	sulphuric acid Met. Corr. 1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 15 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 5 % ≤ C < 15 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 15 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % ≤ C < 15 %	80–90%
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(Contd. on page 3)

GB

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

		(Contd. of page 2)
CAS: 7783-35-9 EINECS: 231-992-5 Index No: 080-002-00-6	mercury sulphate ☠ Acute Tox. 2, H300; Acute Tox. 1, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330; ☠ STOT RE 2, H373; ☠ Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) Specific concentration limit: STOT RE 2; H373: C ≥ 0.1 %	0.25–<2.5%
CAS: 10294-26-5 EINECS: 233-653-7	disilver(1+) sulfate ☠ Eye Dam. 1, H318; ☠ Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1000); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	0.25–<1%
CAS: 7778-50-9 EINECS: 231-906-6 Index No: 024-002-00-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119454792-32-XXXX	potassium dichromate ☠ Ox. Sol. 2, H272; ☠ Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 2, H330; ☠ Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Muta. 1B, H340; Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1B, H360FD; STOT RE 1, H372; ☠ Skin Corr. 1B, H314; ☠ Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1); ☠ Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limit: STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %	<0.1%

· **Additional information** For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information

Personal protection for the First Aider!
Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.

· After inhalation

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.
In case of unconsciousness bring patient into stable side position for transport.

· After skin contact

Wash with polyethylene glycol 400 and then rinse with copious amounts of water.
Immediate medical treatment necessary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing.

· After eye contact

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water.
Call a doctor immediately.

· After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.
Do not induce vomiting; instantly call for medical help.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

burns
allergic reactions
absorption
after inhalation:
coughing
breathing difficulty
asthma attacks
damage to the affected mucous membranes
after swallowing:
strong caustic effect.
sickness
vomiting
bloody diarrhoea
pain
cramps
after absorption:
unconsciousness
CNS disorders
methaemoglobin formation

· Danger

Danger of system failure.
Danger of gastric perforation.
Danger of pulmonary oedema.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs
Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema
Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours.

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 3)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- **5.1 Extinguishing media**
- **Suitable extinguishing agents** CO₂, extinguishing powder or water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet.
- **For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents**
Water with a full water jet.
--> exothermic reaction
- **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
The product is not combustible.
Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
Can be released in case of fire:
Sulphur oxides (SO_x)
mercury vapours
chromium trioxide
- **5.3 Advice for firefighters**
- **Protective equipment:**
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Wear full protective suit.
- **Additional information**
Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.
Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.
Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- **Advice for non-emergency personnel:**
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Avoid substance contact.
Ensure adequate ventilation
Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- **Advice for emergency responders:** Protective equipment: see section 8
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:**
Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
Prevent material from reaching sewage system, holes and cellars.
Inform respective authorities in case product reaches water or sewage system.
- **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Use neutralising agent.
Neutralize with diluted sodium hydroxide solution.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders).
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- **6.4 Reference to other sections**
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**
- **Advice on safe handling:**
Open and handle container with care.
Work only in fume cupboard.
Prevent formation of aerosols.
- **Hygiene measures:**
Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers:**
Store in cool location.

(Contd. on page 5)

— GB —

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 4)

Keep only in original packaging.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from metals.

Do not store together with alkalis (caustic solutions).

Store away from flammable substances.

Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from the effects of light.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters
Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid

WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.05* mg/m ³ *mist: defined as thoracic fraction
IOELV (European Union)	Long-term value: 0.05 mg/m ³

CAS: 7783-35-9 mercury sulphate

WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.02 mg/m ³ as Hg
BOELV (European Union)	Long-term value: 0.02 mg/m ³ as Hg
IOELV (European Union)	Long-term value: 0.02 mg/m ³ as Hg

CAS: 10294-26-5 disilver(1+) sulfate

WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.01 mg/m ³ as Ag
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Regulatory information

WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020

IOELV (European Union): (EU) 2019/1831

BOELV (European Union): EU 2022/431

Additional information: IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit

DNELs

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid

Inhalative	DNEL	0.1 mg/m ³ (Worker / acute / local effects)
		0.05 mg/m ³ (Worker / acute / systemic effects)

Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

PNECs

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid

PNEC	8.8 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
	0.00025 mg/l (Marine water)
	0.0025 mg/l (Fresh water)
PNEC	0.002 mg/kg (Marine sediment)
	0.002 mg/kg (Fresh water sediment)

(Contd. on page 6)

— GB —

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 5)

· Ingredients with biological limit values:	
CAS: 7783-35-9 mercury sulphate	
BMGV (Great Britain)	20 µmol/mol creatinine Medium: urine Sampling time: random Parameter: mercury

- **Regulatory information** BMGV (Great Britain): EH40/2011
- **Additional information:** The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
- **8.2 Exposure controls**
- **Engineering measures:**
Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.
- **Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**
Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.
- **Eye/face protection**
Tightly sealed safety glasses.
Face protection
Use safety glasses that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards such as EN 166.
- **Hand protection**
Acid resistant gloves
Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.
After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.
- **Material of gloves**
Butyl rubber, BR
Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.3 mm
- **Penetration time of glove material**
Value for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min)
The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.
- **Other skin protection (body protection):** Acid resistant protective clothing
- **Breathing equipment:** Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- **Recommended filter device for short term use:** Combination filter B-P2
- **Environmental exposure controls**
Avoid release to the environment.
Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- **9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**
- **Physical state** Fluid
- **Form:** Solution
- **Colour:** Orange
- **Odour:** Recognisable
- **Odour threshold:** Not determined.
- **Melting point/Freezing point:** Not determined.
- **Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** Not determined.
- **Flammability** Not applicable.
- **Explosive properties:** Product is not explosive.
- **Lower and upper explosion limit**
- **Lower:** Not applicable.
- **Upper:** Not applicable.
- **Flash point:** Not applicable.
- **Auto-ignition temperature:** Not applicable.
- **Decomposition temperature:** Not determined.
- **pH at 20°C** <1
- **Kinematic viscosity** Strongly acidic
- **Solubility** Not determined.
- **Water:** Fully miscible

(Contd. on page 7)

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 6)

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not applicable (mixture).
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
· Density and/or relative density	
· Density at 20°C:	1.82 g/cm ³
· Relative density:	Not determined.
· Relative gas density	Not determined.
· Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid).
· 9.2 Other information	
· Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
· Corrosive to metals	May be corrosive to metals.
· Metals that are corroded by the substance or mixture	Information on incompatible materials can be found in Sections 7 and 10.
· Other safety characteristics	
· Oxidising properties:	CAS 7664-93-9 : Oxidising potential
· Additional information	
· Solids content:	< 2.5 %
· Solvent content:	
· Organic solvents:	0 %
· Water:	< 20 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- **10.1 Reactivity** see section 10.3
- **10.2 Chemical stability** Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**
 Reacts with metals forming hydrogen (Danger of explosion in case of large amounts!)
 Corrosive action on metals
 When diluting, always add acid to water, never vice versa
 Diluting or dissolving in water always causes rapid heating
 Reacts with acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents
 Reacts with reducing agents
 Reacts with peroxides
 Reacts with halogenated compounds
 Reacts with ammonia (NH₃).
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** strong heating
- **10.5 Incompatible materials:**
 metals
 combustible substances
 organic solvents
 organic substances
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- **11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

- **Acute toxicity**

Classification according to calculation procedure:

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Toxic in contact with skin.

- **Acute toxicity estimate (ATE_(MIX)) - Calculation method:**

Oral	CLP ATE _(MIX)	464 mg/kg (.)
Dermal	CLP ATE _(MIX)	464 mg/kg (.)
Inhalative	CLP ATE _(MIX)	4.6 mg/l/4h (aerosol (dust, mist))

(Contd. on page 8)

GB

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 7)

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:		
CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid		
Oral	LD50	2140 mg/kg (rat) (IUCLID)
Inhalative	LC 50	510 mg/m ³ /2h (rat) IUCLID
CAS: 7783-35-9 mercury sulphate		
Oral	LD50	5 mg/kg (ATE)
	LD50.	57 mg/kg (rat) (RTECS)
Dermal	LD50	5 mg/kg (ATE)
	LD50.	625 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	0.05 mg/l (ATE)
CAS: 10294-26-5 disilver(1+) sulfate		
Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (Registrant, ECHA)
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate		
Oral	LD50	90.5 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (ECHA, registrant: LD50 = 90.5 mg/kg female to 168.0 mg/kg male)
	LDLo	26 mg/kg (child) 143 mg/kg (man)
Dermal	LD50	1170 mg/kg (rat) (IUCLID)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	0.094 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403, Aerosol)
	LD50 IPR	28 mg/kg (rat)

- **Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- **Serious eye damage/irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.
Risk of blindness!

· Information on components:		
CAS: 10294-26-5 disilver(1+) sulfate		
Irritation of skin	OECD 404	(rabbit: no irritation)
Irritation of eyes	OECD 405	(rabbit: burns)
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate		
Irritation of skin	OECD 404	(rabbit: irritation)

- **Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **Information on components:**
CAS 7783-35-9: Sensitizing effect by skin contact is possible by prolonged/repeated exposure.
CAS 7778-50-9: Sensitizing effect by inhalation and skin contact is possible by prolonged exposure.

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate		
Sensitisation	Patch test (human)	(positive) (IUCLID)

- **Germ cell mutagenicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **Carcinogenicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **Reproductive toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **Aspiration hazard** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· **Information on likely routes of exposure**

The intake of sulfuric acid is mainly to be expected via the inhalative pathway in the form of aerosols. No studies on absorbability are available.
Generally, local reactions cause the main effects.
Following impact to the skin strong local effects are the main issue. There is no indication of absorption of relevant amounts of S. via the intact skin.
Absorbability via the gastrointestinal tract is assumed. However, no studies on the kinetics of uptake are available. [GESTIS]

(Contd. on page 9)

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 8)

The main intake route for mercury(II) sulfate is probably via the respiratory tract. Exposure is mainly possible to dusts and aerosols [GESTIS]

Additional toxicological information:

Mercury compounds have a cytotoxic and protoplasmatoxic effect.

The principal signs manifest themselves in the CNS.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

The aerosol is corrosive to the eyes, the skin and the respiratory tract. Inhalation of aerosols may cause lung oedema.

CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid

(source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects

Acute: Irritation up to chemical burns to the mucous membranes and skin, danger of serious damage to the eyes and lungs

Chronic: Irritation to the eyes and airways, erosion of the teeth, damage to the skin

Further Information:

Concentrated S. differs considerably from dilute Sulfuric acid with regard to chemical properties and effects. With increased dilution Sulfuric acid acts less aggressively.

CAS: 7783-35-9 mercury sulphate

(source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects:

acute: irritant to corrosive effect on mucous membranes and skin, skin-sensitizing potential, damage to the airways and lungs,

gastrointestinal complaints, circulatory disorders, kidney dysfunction

chronic: skin and mucous membrane damage, kidney damage

STOT: the use of mercury nitrate in ointments as an antiparasitic ingredient and experiments on rats (repeated high oral doses) have shown that the kidneys are the most sensitive target organ.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

Other information

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity**Aquatic toxicity:****CAS: 7664-93-9 sulphuric acid**

EC50 >100 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
(ECHA)

LC50 16–29 mg/l/96h (bluegill)
(Merck)

CAS: 7783-35-9 mercury sulphate

LC50 0.5 mg/l/48h (gold orfe)

EC50 0.005–3.6 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna)

LC50 0.19 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow)

CAS: 10294-26-5 disilver(1+) sulfate

EC50 0.00022 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna)
(ECHA)

EC10 0.00214 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (ASTM)
(ECHA: 21d, test substance: AgNO₃)

0.00017 mg/l (rainbow trout)

ECHA

0.00039 mg/l (fathhead minnow) (ASTM E1241-98)

(28d, test substance: AgNO₃, result in mg/l Ag)

0.00041 mg/l /24h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

ECHA

LC50 0.0012 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow)

US-EPA

(Contd. on page 10)

GB

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 9)

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate	
EC50	0.62 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202) (Merck)
NOEC	0.016–0.064 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (7d) 6 mg/l (fathhead minnow) (7d)
IC50	0.16–0.59 mg/l/96 h (Chlorella vulgaris) (IUCLID)
EC50	0.31 mg/l/72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50	58.5 mg/l/96h (byr) 0.131 mg/l/96h (bluegill) 160 mg/l/96h (guppy) 26.13 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow) (Merck/IUCLID)

Bacterial toxicity:

sulphates toxic > 2.5 g/l

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate	
EC50	58 mg/l (Photobacterium phosphoreum) (30 min; Microtox-Test)

Other information:

Toxic for fish:

Sulphates > 7 g/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability .
Other information:

Mixture of inorganic compounds.

Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
CAS: 10294-26-5 disilver(1+) sulfate	
BCF	2.5 (rainbow trout) (8d, 15°C, test substance: AgNO ₃)
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate	
BCF	17.4 (rainbow trout)

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.

Avoid transfer into the environment.

Water hazard:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system, even in small quantities.

Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue	
16 05 07*	discarded inorganic chemicals consisting of or containing hazardous substances

Uncleaned packagings:
Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

(Contd. on page 11)

GB

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)









Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 10)

· Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA 	UN2922
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG · IATA 	2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID, MERCURY SULPHATE), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID, MERCURY SULPHATE), MARINE POLLUTANT CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID, MERCURY SULPHATE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) · ADR 	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;">    </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Class · Label
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IMDG 	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;">    </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Class · Label
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IATA 	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;">   </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Class · Label
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA 	II
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: · Special marking (ADR): 	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: mercury sulphate Yes Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.6 Special precautions for user · Kemler Number: · EMS Number: · Segregation groups · Stowage Category · Stowage Code 	Warning: Corrosive substances. 86 F-A,S-B (SGG1) Acids, (SGG7) heavy metals and their salts (including their organometallic compounds) B SW2 Clear of living quarters.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments 	Not applicable.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Transport/Additional information: 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · ADR · Excepted quantities (EQ): 	E2

(Contd. on page 12)

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 27.10.2023

Version number 5 (replaces version 4)

Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 11)

· Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· Transport category	2
· Tunnel restriction code	E
<hr/>	
· IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poisons Act UK

Regulated explosives precursors

The substance falls under regulated explosive precursors due to the fact that the concentration is greater than/equal ($\geq x\%$) the stated mass percentage:

CAS: 7664-93-9	sulphuric acid	15%
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Regulated poisons

CAS: 7783-35-9	mercury sulphate	Listed
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Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated: article

explosives precursors - ANNEX I

CAS: 7664-93-9	sulphuric acid	*
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Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

CAS: 7783-35-9	mercury sulphate	Annex I Part 1 Annex I Part 3 Annex V Part 2
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Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

CAS: 7664-93-9	sulphuric acid	3
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Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

CAS: 7664-93-9	sulphuric acid	3
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Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients is listed.

LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)

$c < 0.1\%$

CAS: 7778-50-9	potassium dichromate
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Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of $\geq 0.1\%$ (w / w).

Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of $\geq 0.1\%$ (w / w).

Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 13)

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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(Contd. of page 12)

- **Seveso category** E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment
 - **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements** 100 t
 - **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements** 200 t
 - **REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII** Conditions of restriction: 3, 18, 28, 29, 30
 - **Information about limitation of use:**
Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC).
Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed (92/85/EEC).
 - **15.2 Chemical safety assessment:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.
-

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- **Training hints** Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

- **Relevant phrases**

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H300 Fatal if swallowed.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

- EC50: effective concentration, 50 percent (in vivo)
- OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- STOT: specific target organ toxicity
 - SE: single exposure
 - RE: repeated exposure
- EC50: half maximal effective concentration
- IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
- NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration
- ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern
- vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- Ox. Sol. 2: Oxidizing solids – Category 2
- Met. Corr. 1: Corrosive to metals – Category 1
- Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2
- Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
- Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1
- Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
- Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
- Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B
- Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
- Resp. Sens. 1: Respiratory sensitisation – Category 1
- Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
- Muta. 1B: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 1B

(Contd. on page 14)

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Revision: 27.10.2023

Product name: COD / CSB 15-300 mg/l

(Contd. of page 13)

Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1

Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency <http://echa.europa.eu>

IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database)

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

· * **Data compared to the previous version altered.**

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